

APPENDIX C

CLASSIFIED DEPRESSIONS

- C-1. Depression Totals versus Average Depth*
- C-2. Average Depth versus Area Curve*

APPENDIX C-1



Depression Totals versus Average Depth

Table C.1. Depression Totals versus Average Depth for Entire Upper Basin Watershed

AVERAGE DEPTH (ft)	POSSIBLY <u>INTACT</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 2}						POSSIBLY <u>DRAINED</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 3}					
	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume
$d_{avg} < 0.5$	38,599	14,467	5,786	60.8%	7.2%	1.2%	38,746	12,667	4,894	74.2%	13.7%	3.7%
$0.5 \leq d_{avg} < 1$	16,236	33,337	25,090	25.6%	16.5%	5.2%	9,196	25,228	18,936	17.6%	27.3%	14.3%
$1 \leq d_{avg} < 1.5$	3,920	32,059	39,779	6.2%	15.9%	8.3%	2,376	19,396	23,965	4.6%	21.0%	18.1%
$1.5 \leq d_{avg} < 2$	1,887	27,089	47,221	3.0%	13.4%	9.8%	995	13,833	24,249	1.9%	15.0%	18.3%
$2 \leq d_{avg} < 3$	1,702	41,857	104,206	2.7%	20.7%	21.6%	688	14,581	35,050	1.3%	15.8%	26.4%
$3 \leq d_{avg} < 4$	706	28,088	95,319	1.1%	13.9%	19.8%	172	5,506	18,904	0.3%	6.0%	14.2%
$4 \leq d_{avg} < 5$	215	9,566	42,659	0.3%	4.7%	8.9%	29	705	3,125	0.06%	0.8%	2.4%
$d_{avg} \geq 5$	193	15,527	121,543	0.3%	7.7%	25.2%	8	512	3,606	0.02%	0.6%	2.7%
<i>Total ($d_{avg} > 0.5$)</i>	<i>24,859</i>	<i>187,523</i>	<i>475,817</i>	<i>39.2%</i>	<i>92.8%</i>	<i>98.8%</i>	<i>13,464</i>	<i>79,762</i>	<i>127,835</i>	<i>25.8%</i>	<i>86.3%</i>	<i>96.3%</i>
<i>Total</i>	<i>63,458</i>	<i>201,990</i>	<i>481,604</i>				<i>52,210</i>	<i>92,429</i>	<i>132,729</i>			

Notes:

- (1) Based upon the available data and classification procedure, these depressions were classified as either "intact" or "drained". However, because field verification was not performed, the modifier "possibly" was adopted.
- (2) "Possibly intact" depressions may be fully intact, mostly intact, or likely intact (i.e., appears intact, but not definitively so). The presence of standing water was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly intact" because water in a shallow depression could be fully lost to evaporation.
- (3) "Possibly drained" depressions may be fully drained, mostly drained, partially drained, likely drained (i.e., appears drained, but not definitively so), filled-in, or otherwise non-intact or non-functional. The clear presence of a man-made drain was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly drained".

Table C.2. Depression Totals versus Average Depth for Calio Coulee Subwatershed

AVERAGE DEPTH (ft)	POSSIBLY <u>INTACT</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 2}						POSSIBLY <u>DRAINED</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 3}					
	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume
$d_{avg} < 0.5$	870	316	126	89.5%	4.2%	0.8%	1,155	450	179	121.8%	6.1%	1.4%
$0.5 \leq d_{avg} < 1$	527	1,218	938	54.2%	16.2%	6.1%	599	2,053	1,559	63.2%	27.8%	12.5%
$1 \leq d_{avg} < 1.5$	192	1,369	1,695	19.8%	18.2%	11.0%	185	1,932	2,381	19.5%	26.1%	19.2%
$1.5 \leq d_{avg} < 2$	91	1,549	2,698	9.4%	20.6%	17.6%	80	1,053	1,835	8.4%	14.2%	14.8%
$2 \leq d_{avg} < 3$	101	1,895	4,776	10.4%	25.3%	31.1%	66	1,796	4,280	7.0%	24.3%	34.5%
$3 \leq d_{avg} < 4$	47	1,216	4,011	4.8%	16.2%	26.1%	16	491	1,713	1.7%	6.6%	13.8%
$4 \leq d_{avg} < 5$	10	162	740	1.0%	2.2%	4.8%	1	7	30	0.11%	0.1%	0.2%
$d_{avg} \geq 5$	4	95	511	0.4%	1.3%	3.3%	1	56	621	0.11%	0.8%	5.0%
<i>Total ($d_{avg} > 0.5$)</i>	<i>972</i>	<i>7,504</i>	<i>15,368</i>	<i>100.0%</i>	<i>100.0%</i>	<i>100.0%</i>	<i>948</i>	<i>7,388</i>	<i>12,419</i>	<i>100.0%</i>	<i>100.0%</i>	<i>100.0%</i>
<i>Total</i>	<i>1,842</i>	<i>7,820</i>	<i>15,494</i>				<i>2,103</i>	<i>7,838</i>	<i>12,598</i>			

Notes:

- (1) Based upon the available data and classification procedure, these depressions were classified as either "intact" or "drained". However, because field verification was not performed, the modifier "possibly" was adopted.
- (2) "Possibly intact" depressions may be fully intact, mostly intact, or likely intact (i.e., appears intact, but not definitively so). The presence of standing water was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly intact" because water in a shallow depression could be fully lost to evaporation.
- (3) "Possibly drained" depressions may be fully drained, mostly drained, partially drained, likely drained (i.e., appears drained, but not definitively so), filled-in, or otherwise non-intact or non-functional. The clear presence of a man-made drain was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly drained".

Table C.3. Depression Totals versus Average Depth for Comstock Subwatershed

AVERAGE DEPTH (ft)	POSSIBLY <u>INTACT</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 2}						POSSIBLY <u>DRAINED</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 3}					
	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume
$d_{avg} < 0.5$	1,697	503	194	68.8%	10.6%	1.7%	617	201	78	78.1%	24.2%	4.7%
$0.5 \leq d_{avg} < 1$	543	925	671	22.0%	19.6%	6.0%	117	183	139	14.8%	22.0%	8.4%
$1 \leq d_{avg} < 1.5$	117	1,348	1,722	4.7%	28.5%	15.5%	27	92	113	3.4%	11.1%	6.8%
$1.5 \leq d_{avg} < 2$	46	344	586	1.9%	7.3%	5.3%	10	31	50	1.3%	3.7%	3.0%
$2 \leq d_{avg} < 3$	30	538	1,279	1.2%	11.4%	11.5%	8	42	112	1.0%	5.1%	6.8%
$3 \leq d_{avg} < 4$	18	234	798	0.7%	4.9%	7.2%	6	177	641	0.8%	21.3%	38.9%
$4 \leq d_{avg} < 5$	6	104	438	0.2%	2.2%	3.9%	4	84	388	0.51%	10.1%	23.5%
$d_{avg} \geq 5$	8	730	5,421	0.3%	15.4%	48.8%	1	22	130	0.13%	2.7%	7.8%
<i>Total ($d_{avg} > 0.5$)</i>	768	4,223	10,916	31.2%	89.4%	98.3%	173	631	1,572	21.9%	75.8%	95.3%
<i>Total</i>	2,465	4,726	11,110	100%	100%	100%	790	832	1,650	100%	100%	100%

Notes:

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- (2) "Possibly intact" depressions may be fully intact, mostly intact, or likely intact (i.e., appears intact, but not definitively so). The presence of standing water was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly intact" because water in a shallow depression could be fully lost to evaporation.
- (3) "Possibly drained" depressions may be fully drained, mostly drained, partially drained, likely drained (i.e., appears drained, but not definitively so), filled-in, or otherwise non-intact or non-functional. The clear presence of a man-made drain was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly drained".

Table C.4. Depression Totals versus Average Depth for Edmore Coulee Subwatershed

AVERAGE DEPTH (ft)	POSSIBLY <u>INTACT</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 2}						POSSIBLY <u>DRAINED</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 3}					
	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume
$d_{avg} < 0.5$	3,993	1,918	774	46.7%	3.6%	0.6%	4,574	2,452	975	57.8%	9.1%	2.4%
$0.5 \leq d_{avg} < 1$	2,568	7,076	5,449	30.0%	13.2%	4.2%	2,139	6,958	5,299	27.0%	25.8%	12.9%
$1 \leq d_{avg} < 1.5$	827	7,795	9,673	9.7%	14.5%	7.4%	675	6,194	7,685	8.5%	23.0%	18.7%
$1.5 \leq d_{avg} < 2$	491	9,781	16,980	5.7%	18.2%	13.0%	276	4,033	7,000	3.5%	15.0%	17.0%
$2 \leq d_{avg} < 3$	447	12,304	30,804	5.2%	22.9%	23.6%	202	4,859	11,773	2.6%	18.0%	28.6%
$3 \leq d_{avg} < 4$	159	9,722	32,299	1.9%	18.1%	24.8%	46	2,250	7,650	0.6%	8.4%	18.6%
$4 \leq d_{avg} < 5$	41	2,348	10,469	0.5%	4.4%	8.0%	6	162	661	0.08%	0.6%	1.6%
$d_{avg} \geq 5$	24	2,759	23,985	0.3%	5.1%	18.4%	1	17	93	0.01%	0.1%	0.2%
<i>Total ($d_{avg} > 0.5$)</i>	<i>4,557</i>	<i>51,784</i>	<i>129,658</i>	<i>53.3%</i>	<i>96.4%</i>	<i>99.4%</i>	<i>3,345</i>	<i>24,473</i>	<i>40,162</i>	<i>42.2%</i>	<i>90.9%</i>	<i>97.6%</i>
<i>Total</i>	<i>8,550</i>	<i>53,702</i>	<i>130,432</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>7,919</i>	<i>26,925</i>	<i>41,138</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>

Notes:

- (1) Based upon the available data and classification procedure, these depressions were classified as either "intact" or "drained". However, because field verification was not performed, the modifier "possibly" was adopted.
- (2) "Possibly intact" depressions may be fully intact, mostly intact, or likely intact (i.e., appears intact, but not definitively so). The presence of standing water was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly intact" because water in a shallow depression could be fully lost to evaporation.
- (3) "Possibly drained" depressions may be fully drained, mostly drained, partially drained, likely drained (i.e., appears drained, but not definitively so), filled-in, or otherwise non-intact or non-functional. The clear presence of a man-made drain was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly drained".

Table C.5. Depression Totals versus Average Depth for Hurricane Lake (Little Coulee) Subwatershed

AVERAGE DEPTH (ft)	POSSIBLY <u>INTACT</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 2}						POSSIBLY <u>DRAINED</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 3}					
	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume
$d_{avg} < 0.5$	8,174	2,416	936	65.0%	9.8%	1.3%	7,431	1,738	658	85.1%	36.0%	8.4%
$0.5 \leq d_{avg} < 1$	3,244	4,472	3,272	25.8%	18.1%	4.6%	993	1,051	734	11.4%	21.8%	9.4%
$1 \leq d_{avg} < 1.5$	583	3,282	4,024	4.6%	13.3%	5.7%	177	557	671	2.0%	11.5%	8.6%
$1.5 \leq d_{avg} < 2$	200	1,947	3,358	1.6%	7.9%	4.7%	64	226	384	0.7%	4.7%	4.9%
$2 \leq d_{avg} < 3$	170	3,307	7,966	1.4%	13.4%	11.3%	45	429	1,072	0.5%	8.9%	13.8%
$3 \leq d_{avg} < 4$	88	2,506	8,684	0.7%	10.1%	12.3%	16	202	684	0.2%	4.2%	8.8%
$4 \leq d_{avg} < 5$	41	2,452	11,033	0.3%	9.9%	15.6%	9	339	1,545	0.10%	7.0%	19.8%
$d_{avg} \geq 5$	71	4,368	31,449	0.6%	17.6%	44.5%	1	290	2,046	0.01%	6.0%	26.3%
<i>Total ($d_{avg} > 0.5$)</i>	<i>4,397</i>	<i>22,334</i>	<i>69,786</i>	<i>35.0%</i>	<i>90.2%</i>	<i>98.7%</i>	<i>1,305</i>	<i>3,093</i>	<i>7,136</i>	<i>14.9%</i>	<i>64.0%</i>	<i>91.6%</i>
<i>Total</i>	<i>12,571</i>	<i>24,750</i>	<i>70,722</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>8,736</i>	<i>4,831</i>	<i>7,793</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>

Notes:

- (1) Based upon the available data and classification procedure, these depressions were classified as either "intact" or "drained". However, because field verification was not performed, the modifier "possibly" was adopted.
- (2) "Possibly intact" depressions may be fully intact, mostly intact, or likely intact (i.e., appears intact, but not definitively so). The presence of standing water was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly intact" because water in a shallow depression could be fully lost to evaporation.
- (3) "Possibly drained" depressions may be fully drained, mostly drained, partially drained, likely drained (i.e., appears drained, but not definitively so), filled-in, or otherwise non-intact or non-functional. The clear presence of a man-made drain was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly drained".

Table C.6. Depression Totals versus Average Depth for Mauvais Coulee Subwatershed

AVERAGE DEPTH (ft)	POSSIBLY <u>INTACT</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 2}						POSSIBLY <u>DRAINED</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 3}					
	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume
$d_{avg} < 0.5$	21,203	7,388	2,905	66.5%	9.1%	1.6%	22,420	6,485	2,474	82.5%	24.5%	8.2%
$0.5 \leq d_{avg} < 1$	7,376	15,121	11,291	23.1%	18.6%	6.2%	3,509	8,174	5,994	12.9%	30.9%	19.8%
$1 \leq d_{avg} < 1.5$	1,604	13,178	16,347	5.0%	16.2%	9.0%	743	4,549	5,589	2.7%	17.2%	18.4%
$1.5 \leq d_{avg} < 2$	745	10,102	17,710	2.3%	12.4%	9.7%	283	3,535	6,112	1.0%	13.4%	20.2%
$2 \leq d_{avg} < 3$	572	16,841	42,210	1.8%	20.7%	23.2%	173	2,892	6,939	0.6%	10.9%	22.9%
$3 \leq d_{avg} < 4$	227	9,842	33,884	0.7%	12.1%	18.6%	33	646	2,246	0.1%	2.4%	7.4%
$4 \leq d_{avg} < 5$	95	3,678	16,369	0.3%	4.5%	9.0%	7	57	257	0.03%	0.2%	0.8%
$d_{avg} \geq 5$	69	5,239	41,475	0.2%	6.4%	22.8%	4	126	716	0.01%	0.5%	2.4%
<i>Total ($d_{avg} > 0.5$)</i>	<i>10,688</i>	<i>74,002</i>	<i>179,286</i>	<i>33.5%</i>	<i>90.9%</i>	<i>98.4%</i>	<i>4,752</i>	<i>19,979</i>	<i>27,854</i>	<i>17.5%</i>	<i>75.5%</i>	<i>91.8%</i>
<i>Total</i>	<i>31,891</i>	<i>81,390</i>	<i>182,192</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>27,172</i>	<i>26,465</i>	<i>30,328</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>

Notes:

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- (2) "Possibly intact" depressions may be fully intact, mostly intact, or likely intact (i.e., appears intact, but not definitively so). The presence of standing water was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly intact" because water in a shallow depression could be fully lost to evaporation.
- (3) "Possibly drained" depressions may be fully drained, mostly drained, partially drained, likely drained (i.e., appears drained, but not definitively so), filled-in, or otherwise non-intact or non-functional. The clear presence of a man-made drain was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly drained".

Table C.7. Depression Totals versus Average Depth for St. Joe Coulee Subwatershed

AVERAGE DEPTH (ft)	POSSIBLY <u>INTACT</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 2}						POSSIBLY <u>DRAINED</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 3}					
	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume
$d_{avg} < 0.5$	1,111	1,276	589	51.2%	15.5%	3.9%	748	335	130	49.7%	5.4%	1.5%
$0.5 \leq d_{avg} < 1$	645	1,368	1,043	29.7%	16.6%	7.0%	500	2,112	1,619	33.2%	34.0%	18.3%
$1 \leq d_{avg} < 1.5$	169	1,655	2,067	7.8%	20.1%	13.8%	136	1,163	1,382	9.0%	18.7%	15.6%
$1.5 \leq d_{avg} < 2$	75	636	1,090	3.5%	7.7%	7.3%	72	1,337	2,367	4.8%	21.5%	26.7%
$2 \leq d_{avg} < 3$	113	1,655	4,035	5.2%	20.1%	26.9%	37	877	2,049	2.5%	14.1%	23.1%
$3 \leq d_{avg} < 4$	49	1,466	5,116	2.3%	17.8%	34.1%	13	382	1,312	0.9%	6.2%	14.8%
$4 \leq d_{avg} < 5$	4	79	334	0.2%	1.0%	2.2%	0	0	0	0.00%	0.0%	0.0%
$d_{avg} \geq 5$	5	115	729	0.2%	1.4%	4.9%	0	0	0	0.00%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total ($d_{avg} > 0.5$)</i>	<i>1,060</i>	<i>6,975</i>	<i>14,412</i>	<i>48.8%</i>	<i>84.5%</i>	<i>96.1%</i>	<i>758</i>	<i>5,871</i>	<i>8,729</i>	<i>50.3%</i>	<i>94.6%</i>	<i>98.5%</i>
<i>Total</i>	<i>2,171</i>	<i>8,250</i>	<i>15,001</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>1,506</i>	<i>6,206</i>	<i>8,859</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>

Notes:

- (1) Based upon the available data and classification procedure, these depressions were classified as either "intact" or "drained". However, because field verification was not performed, the modifier "possibly" was adopted.
- (2) "Possibly intact" depressions may be fully intact, mostly intact, or likely intact (i.e., appears intact, but not definitively so). The presence of standing water was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly intact" because water in a shallow depression could be fully lost to evaporation.
- (3) "Possibly drained" depressions may be fully drained, mostly drained, partially drained, likely drained (i.e., appears drained, but not definitively so), filled-in, or otherwise non-intact or non-functional. The clear presence of a man-made drain was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly drained".

Table C.8. Depression Totals versus Average Depth for Starkweather Coulee Subwatershed

AVERAGE DEPTH (ft)	POSSIBLY <u>INTACT</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 2}						POSSIBLY <u>DRAINED</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 3}					
	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume
$d_{avg} < 0.5$	1,551	651	262	39.1%	3.0%	0.5%	1,801	1,006	401	45.2%	5.2%	1.3%
$0.5 \leq d_{avg} < 1$	1,333	3,157	2,425	33.6%	14.8%	4.3%	1,339	4,697	3,592	33.6%	24.3%	11.8%
$1 \leq d_{avg} < 1.5$	428	3,432	4,251	10.8%	16.1%	7.5%	433	4,910	6,143	10.9%	25.4%	20.2%
$1.5 \leq d_{avg} < 2$	239	2,730	4,799	6.0%	12.8%	8.5%	210	3,620	6,501	5.3%	18.7%	21.4%
$2 \leq d_{avg} < 3$	269	5,317	13,139	6.8%	24.9%	23.2%	157	3,686	8,826	3.9%	19.1%	29.1%
$3 \leq d_{avg} < 4$	118	3,101	10,526	3.0%	14.5%	18.6%	42	1,358	4,656	1.1%	7.0%	15.3%
$4 \leq d_{avg} < 5$	18	743	3,277	0.5%	3.5%	5.8%	2	56	244	0.05%	0.3%	0.8%
$d_{avg} \geq 5$	12	2,221	17,974	0.3%	10.4%	31.7%	0	0	0	0.00%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total ($d_{avg} > 0.5$)</i>	<i>2,417</i>	<i>20,702</i>	<i>56,390</i>	<i>60.9%</i>	<i>97.0%</i>	<i>99.5%</i>	<i>2,183</i>	<i>18,326</i>	<i>29,962</i>	<i>54.8%</i>	<i>94.8%</i>	<i>98.7%</i>
<i>Total</i>	<i>3,968</i>	<i>21,353</i>	<i>56,653</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>3,984</i>	<i>19,332</i>	<i>30,363</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>

Notes:

- (1) Based upon the available data and classification procedure, these depressions were classified as either "intact" or "drained". However, because field verification was not performed, the modifier "possibly" was adopted.
- (2) "Possibly intact" depressions may be fully intact, mostly intact, or likely intact (i.e., appears intact, but not definitively so). The presence of standing water was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly intact" because water in a shallow depression could be fully lost to evaporation.
- (3) "Possibly drained" depressions may be fully drained, mostly drained, partially drained, likely drained (i.e., appears drained, but not definitively so), filled-in, or otherwise non-intact or non-functional. The clear presence of a man-made drain was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly drained".

Table C.9. Depression Totals versus Average Depth for Mauvais Coulee Subwatershed, Big Coulee Subarea

AVERAGE DEPTH (ft)	POSSIBLY <u>INTACT</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 2}						POSSIBLY <u>DRAINED</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 3}					
	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume
$d_{avg} < 0.5$	16,917	5,108	1,996	69.6%	9.7%	1.5%	17,615	4,505	1,699	86.9%	32.7%	11.9%
$0.5 \leq d_{avg} < 1$	5,537	9,811	7,303	22.8%	18.6%	5.6%	2,108	4,373	3,209	10.4%	31.7%	22.4%
$1 \leq d_{avg} < 1.5$	924	7,270	8,908	3.8%	13.8%	6.8%	331	1,910	2,350	1.6%	13.8%	16.4%
$1.5 \leq d_{avg} < 2$	360	4,675	8,227	1.5%	8.9%	6.3%	120	1,492	2,565	0.6%	10.8%	17.9%
$2 \leq d_{avg} < 3$	303	10,579	27,034	1.2%	20.1%	20.7%	82	1,033	2,497	0.4%	7.5%	17.4%
$3 \leq d_{avg} < 4$	151	7,839	27,100	0.6%	14.9%	20.8%	18	337	1,206	0.1%	2.4%	8.4%
$4 \leq d_{avg} < 5$	68	2,867	12,860	0.3%	5.4%	9.9%	4	35	159	0.02%	0.3%	1.1%
$d_{avg} \geq 5$	50	4,501	36,881	0.2%	8.5%	28.3%	2	112	624	0.01%	0.8%	4.4%
<i>Total</i>	<i>24,310</i>	<i>52,649</i>	<i>130,309</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>20,280</i>	<i>13,797</i>	<i>14,309</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>

Notes:

- (1) Based upon the available data and classification procedure, these depressions were classified as either "intact" or "drained". However, because field verification was not performed, the modifier "possibly" was adopted.
- (2) "Possibly intact" depressions may be fully intact, mostly intact, or likely intact (i.e., appears intact, but not definitively so). The presence of standing water was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly intact" because water in a shallow depression could be fully lost to evaporation.
- (3) "Possibly drained" depressions may be fully drained, mostly drained, partially drained, likely drained (i.e., appears drained, but not definitively so), filled-in, or otherwise non-intact or non-functional. The clear presence of a man-made drain was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly drained".

Table C.10. Depression Totals versus Average Depth for Mauvais Coulee Subwatershed, Gage 6100 Subarea

AVERAGE DEPTH (ft)	POSSIBLY <u>INTACT</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 2}						POSSIBLY <u>DRAINED</u> DEPRESSIONS ^{1, 3}					
	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume	Count	Surface Area (acres)	Volume (acre-feet)	% Count	% Area	% Volume
$d_{avg} < 0.5$	4,286	2,281	909	56.5%	7.9%	1.8%	4,805	1,980	775	69.7%	15.6%	4.8%
$0.5 \leq d_{avg} < 1$	1,839	5,310	3,988	24.3%	18.5%	7.7%	1,401	3,801	2,786	20.3%	30.0%	17.4%
$1 \leq d_{avg} < 1.5$	680	5,908	7,440	9.0%	20.6%	14.3%	412	2,639	3,239	6.0%	20.8%	20.2%
$1.5 \leq d_{avg} < 2$	385	5,427	9,484	5.1%	18.9%	18.3%	163	2,043	3,547	2.4%	16.1%	22.1%
$2 \leq d_{avg} < 3$	269	6,262	15,177	3.5%	21.8%	29.2%	91	1,859	4,442	1.3%	14.7%	27.7%
$3 \leq d_{avg} < 4$	76	2,003	6,786	1.0%	7.0%	13.1%	15	309	1,040	0.2%	2.4%	6.5%
$4 \leq d_{avg} < 5$	27	810	3,509	0.4%	2.8%	6.8%	3	22	98	0.04%	0.2%	0.6%
$d_{avg} \geq 5$	19	738	4,596	0.3%	2.6%	8.9%	2	14	92	0.03%	0.1%	0.6%
<i>Total</i>	<i>7,581</i>	<i>28,740</i>	<i>51,891</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>6,892</i>	<i>12,667</i>	<i>16,020</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>	<i>100%</i>

Notes:

- (1) Based upon the available data and classification procedure, these depressions were classified as either "intact" or "drained". However, because field verification was not performed, the modifier "possibly" was adopted.
- (2) "Possibly intact" depressions may be fully intact, mostly intact, or likely intact (i.e., appears intact, but not definitively so). The presence of standing water was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly intact" because water in a shallow depression could be fully lost to evaporation.
- (3) "Possibly drained" depressions may be fully drained, mostly drained, partially drained, likely drained (i.e., appears drained, but not definitively so), filled-in, or otherwise non-intact or non-functional. The clear presence of a man-made drain was not a prerequisite for classifying a depression as "possibly drained".

APPENDIX C-2



Average Depth versus Area Curve

DEM-Derived Depressions - Area vs. Depth Regression and Scatter Plot

